

Safety Data Sheet

1. Identification of product and company

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|-----------------------------|---|------------------|--------------|
| Information of Product | Rechargeable Lithium Ion / Polymer Battery | | |
| Information of Manufacturer | Atemitech Corporation Tel : +886-2-27857888 Office address: 5F., Building A, No. 209, Sec. 1, Nangang Rd., Nangang Dist., Taipei City 11568 Taiwan Business address: No. 202, Wenhua 2nd Rd., Guishan Dist., Taoyuan City 333412, Taiwan | | |
| | GETAC TECHNOLOGY (KUNSHAN) CO., LTD. Tel : +86-512-57367777 NO.269, NO.2 Avenue, Kunshan Comprehensive Free Trade Zone, Jiangsu Province, 215300, China | | |
| Australia Contact | Minelab Electronics Pty Limited 2 Second Avenue, Mawson Lakes, SA 5095, AUSTRALIA Emergency Contact : +61-8-8238-0888 | | |
| ATC P/N | Customer P/N | Model Name | Energy(Wh) |
| 541387610002 | 15.920.530 | MC1404-S | 28.08 |
| 541388760004 | 3011-0342B | 0311-0061 | 19.44 |

2. Hazards Identification

※This product is outside the scope of GHS system since it's considered as an "article".

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| In suitable operating and storing (reference to manufacturer's specification / recommendations), the product is non-hazardous. The abnormal activity(machinery, temperature, electricity) will break safety valve / battery container and may increase following risk: electrolyte leaking, electrode materials damping, battery venting / firing / burning / exploding. The short-circuiting, puncturing, incinerating, crushing, immersing in water, force-discharging, exceeding temperature range(manufacturer's specified temperature range) and other abnormal operating may cause the product to risk of fire or explosion. | |
| Human Health Effects | |
| Inhalation | The steam of the electrolyte will stimulate a respiratory tract. |
| Skin Contact | The steam of the electrolyte stimulates a skin. The electrolyte skin contact causes a sore and stimulation on the skin. |
| Eye Contact | The steam of the electrolyte stimulates eyes. The electrolyte eye contact causes a sore and stimulation on the eye. Especially, substance that causes a strong inflammation of the eyes is contained. |
| Environmental Effects | |
| Since a battery cell remains in the environment, do not throw out it into the environment. | |
| Specific Hazards | |
| If the electrolyte contacts with water, it will generate detrimental hydrogen fluoride. Since the leaked electrolyte is inflammable liquid, do not bring close to fire. | |

3. Composition Information

※ Cell is the only one component of battery pack that may produce risk of harm in abnormal situation.

| Cell | | |
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| Composition | CAS NO. | Content / Content range (wt.%) |
| Lithium Transition Metal Oxide | 12190-79-3 | 20-60 % |
| | 12031-65-1 | |
| | 12057-17-9 | |
| | 182442-95-1 | |
| | 207803-51-8 | |
| Graphite | 7782-42-5 | 10-30 % |
| | 7440-44-0 | |
| Electrolyte | 623-53-0 | 5-25 % |
| | 105-58-8 | |
| | 96-49-1 | |
| | 21324-40-3 | |
| Copper | 7440-50-8 | 1-15 % |
| Aluminium | 7429-90-5 | 1-10 % |
| Other (Iron, aluminium laminated plastic, etc.) | 7429-90-5 | 1-30 % |
| | 7439-89-6 | |

4. First Aid Measures (in case of leaking or accidentally opened cells)

In case of battery pack breakage or burst, please evacuate employees from the contaminated area and ensure maximum ventilation in order to disperse corrosive gas, smoke and unpleasant odors.

If it occurs accident, following measures must be taken:

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| Inhalation | No effect under routine handling and use. Leave contaminated area immediately and make it ventilate. Take rest and keep warm. If needed, give oxygen and breathing aid. Consult a doctor immediately. |
| Skin Contact | No effect under routine handling and use. Remove contaminated clothes and shoes immediately. Wash skin thoroughly with cold water more than 15 minutes. Consult a doctor. |
| Eye Contact | No effect under routine handling and use. Do not rub one's eyes. Immediately and thoroughly wash eyes with cold water at least 15 to 30 minutes. Seek medical attention immediately. |
| Ingestion | The product can't ingest under routine handling and use. Wash mouth with cold water thoroughly. If the patient is awake, let patient drink large milk / water. Seek medical attention immediately. |

5. Fire-Fighting Measures

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| Extinguishing Agent | Suitable extinguishing media: Plenty of water, carbon dioxide gas, nitrogen gas, chemical powder fire extinguishing medium and fire foam. Be careful of burning pieces of flammable particles may be ejected from the fire. |
| Extinguishing Method | Extinguishing agent can be used to cool down burning Li-ion cells and batteries. Be careful of burning pieces of flammable particles may be ejected from the fire. |
| Specific Protection Equipment | Respiratory protection : Respiratory equipment of a gas cylinder style or protection-against-dust mask. Hand protection : Protective gloves Eye protection : Goggle or protective glasses designed to protect against liquid splashes. Skin and body protection : Protective cloth |
| Other Attention | The hazardous substance may be exposure when being heated over +100°C (+212°F) or disposed in fire. The electrolyte is flammable liquid and must be kept away from any kind of ignition source. If cell / battery exposed to fire, cool the accumulator outside to avoid its breaking. Evacuate all persons from immediate area of fire. Do not re-enter the area until the fire was extinguished. |

6. Accidental Release Measures

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| Individual Precautions | Evacuate people immediately when the accident happens. In case of electrolyte leakage from a cell or battery, do not inhale the gas as possible. In case of skin or eye contact, inhalation or ingestion, follow the measured described in section 4. |
| Environmental Precautions | Avoid water (including surface water and groundwater) contamination. Avoid ground and atmosphere contamination. Keep internal materials of cell away from heat and open flame. |
| Ways of Cleaning | Using protective glasses and gloves, use absorbent material (sand, earth or vermiculite) to absorb any exuded material. Seal leaking battery (unless hot) and contaminated absorbent material in plastic bag and dispose of as Special Waste in accordance with local regulations. |
| Prevention of Secondary Hazards | Avoid re-scattering. Do not bring the collected materials close to fire. |

7. Handling and Storage

※ It is not dangerous when battery pack is in normal situation.

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| Handling | Do not shock, impact, crush, vibrate, puncture, and short-circuit the battery pack. Do not be heated, solder and throw into fire. Do not mix products of different types and brands. Do not mix new and used products. Keep battery pack in non conductive (i.e. plastic) package. Do not disassemble, mutilate or mechanically abuse products. |
| Storage | Store in a cool (below 30°C), dry and ventilated area. Keep away moisture, sources of heat, open flame. High temperature may result in battery pack leakage and rupture. Keep battery pack in original packaging until use and do not jumble them. The battery pack should be between 25% and 75% of full charge when stored for a long period of time(The longest time is not over six months). |
| Other | Follow Manufacturers recommendations regarding maximum recommended currents, operating temperature range, maximum charge and discharge states. Applying pressure on deforming the battery may lead to disassembly followed by eye, skin and throat irritation. Do not immerse in water. The cells and batteries are not designed to be recharged from external power sources besides specific charger models approved by manufacturers. Connecting to inappropriate power supplies can result in fire or explosion. |

8. Exposure Controls / Personal Protection

| Engineering Measures | |
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| In normal situation, engineer measures is not require. When the internal materials of cell leak, keep internal materials of cell away from heat and open flame, then operate the local exhaust or improve ventilation. | |
| Personal Protective Equipment | |
| Respiratory Protection | Not required during normal operations. SCBA is required in the event of a fire. |
| Hand Protection | Not required during normal operations. Protective gloves are required when battery Pack rupture. |
| Eye / Face Protection | Goggle or protective glasses designed to protect against liquid splashes |
| Body / Skin Protection | Working clothes with long sleeve and long trousers |
| Foot Protection | Steel toed shoes recommended for large container handling |

9. Physical and Chemical Properties

※ The following points are not applicable unless in case of leaking or damaged batteries with internal components sipping out.

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| Appearance | Solid |
| Odor | Odorless (unless in case of damaged product with leaking electrolyte) |
| pH | Not applicable |
| Vapor Pressure | Not applicable |
| Vapor Density | Not applicable |
| Boiling Point | Not applicable |
| Flash Point | Not applicable |
| Solubility in Water | Not applicable (unless inner components are exposed) |
| Density | Not applicable |

10. Stability and Reactivity

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| Stability | The battery pack is stable under conditions described in Section 7. |
| Conditions to Avoid | Heat, incinerate, shock, impact, crush, vibrate, puncture, short-circuit, disassemble and store in humid enviroment. |
| Materials to Avoid | Strong mineral acids, alkali solutions, strong oxidising materials and conductive materials. |
| Hazardous Decomposition Products | Electrolyte may react with water in the atmosphere and produce toxic materials including fluorhydric acid. Thermal decomposition of the cells may produce of noxious or toxic fumes containing Carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, hydrogen, methane, ethylene, ethane, etc. Thermal decomposition of the cell may produce releasing of electrolyte liquid / vapor, noxious materials dust and methane. |

11. Toxicological Information

The battery pack does not have any hazardous substance in normal situation. If battery pack leak or rupture, the inside materials may be exposed, and release toxic substance or elicit toxicological properties.

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| Signs & Symptoms | The corrosive fumes will be very irritating to skin, eyes and mucous membranes. Overexposure can cause symptoms of non-fibrotic lung injury and membrane irritation. |
| Inhalation | The leaked or ruptured battery pack can cause respiratory system and mucosa irritation. If gas is generated, throat irritation and nausea may occur. The inside materials of battery pack may cause an allergic reaction. |
| Skin Contact | Electrolyte can cause a skin irritation. Contact with Nickel and its compounds may cause allergic dermatitis. |
| Eye Contact | The leaked or ruptured battery pack can cause eye irritation. Dust may cause inflammation of eyelids. |
| Ingestion | Electrolyte ingestion may cause damages to body tissues and to respiratory and digestive systems. |
| Carcinogenetic | Nickel derivatives are classified in suspected carcinogenetic list by the National Toxicology Program of the US. Public Health Service. |
| Medical conditions generally aggravated by exposure | It may occur eczema, skin allergies, lung injuries, asthma and other respiratory disorders |

12. Ecological Information

Some materials within the cell are bioaccumulative. Under normal conditions, these materials are contained and pose no risk to persons or the surrounding environment. Do not discard products arbitrarily. Dispose the waste product according to the relevant regulations.

13. Disposal Consideration

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| Product (waste from residues) | Do not throw out a used battery pack. Recycle it through the recycling company. |
| Contaminated packaging | Neither a container nor packing is contaminated during normal use. When internal materials leaked from a battery pack contaminates, dispose as industrial wastes subject to special control. |

14. Transport Information

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| Proper Shipping Name | UN3480—LITHIUM ION BATTERIES (including lithium ion polymer batteries) UN3481—LITHIUM ION BATTERIES CONTAINED IN EQUIPMENT or LITHIUM ION BATTERIES PACKED WITH EQUIPMENT (including lithium ion polymer batteries) |
| IATA | |
| Classification | IATA DGR 965 Section IB : 9 IATA DGR 966, 967 Section II : Non-Dangerous Goods |
| Packing Instruction | 965 Section IB 966 or 967 Section II |
| UN, UNECE ADR, IMO IMDG Code | |
| Classification | Special provision 188 : Non-Dangerous Goods |
| Packing Instruction | The article is not subject to other provisions according to Special provisions 188. |
| Other Applicable Information | In the case of transportation, avoid exposure to high temperature and prevent the formation of any condensation. During the transportation, avoid falling, dropping, wet and damage. Please refer to Section 7—Handling and Storage. |

※The battery pack complies with the applicable requirements in the UN3481.

About the instructions or provisions, please see descriptions in Section 15—Regulatory Information.

15. Regulatory Information

Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) : Title 29 Labor 1910.1200 Hazard communication.

Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) : Title 49 Transportation 173.185 Lithium cells and batteries.

United Nations (UN) : Recommendations on the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Model Regulations (21st revised edition, 2019)

International Air Transport Association (IATA) : Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) (63rd edition, 2022)

United Nations Economic Commission for Europe (UNECE) : European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road (ADR) (2021 edition)

International Maritime Organization (IMO) : International Maritime Dangerous Goods (IMDG) Code (2020 edition)

Recommendations on the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Model Regulations, Manual of Tests and Criteria

16. Other Information

The information contained in this Safety data sheet is based on the present state of knowledge and current legislation.

This safety data sheet provides guidance on health, safety and environmental aspects of the product and should not be construed as any guarantee of technical performance or suitability for particular applications.

— Reference —

Material Safety Data Sheet for Battery Cell